# LUG 20 21



www.opensfs.org

# A triad-based architecture for a multipurpose Lustre filesystem at /rdlab

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# /rdlab

#### The research and development Lab (context)

- Founded in 2010 at the Computer Science department
- IT support for research groups only
- National and European Projects (FP7, H2020...)
- Technology transfer

#### The research and development Lab (Infrastructure)

- 160 researchers, 18 research groups
- HPC and Cloud services for research projects
- 400TBytes Lustre (2.12.5 + ZFS) storage

# **SQUARING THE CIRCLE**

#### Why not Lustre?

- Well-known project
- Using Lustre since 2010 (HPC service)
- Most of our data was already in Lustre
- Lustre provides a flexible architecture to play

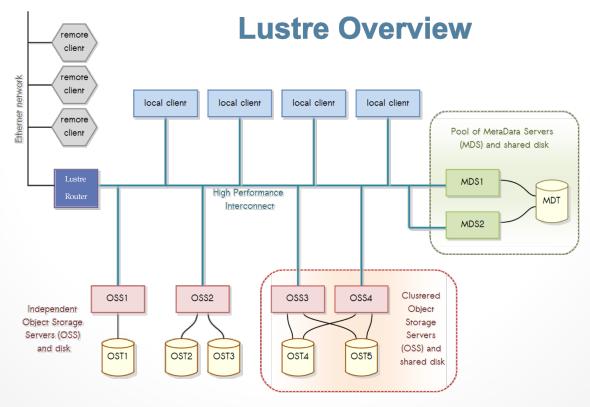
#### OK, but...

- Misconceptions (expensive, difficult to understand...)
- Compatibility issues (vendors and technologies)
- Who is using Lustre as a general purpose filesystem? (Early adopter panic)
- Undocumented experiences and good practices

# **STARTING POINT**

#### Classical Lustre setups

- Type A: Several n-disk volumes OST governed by a single dedicated OSS
- Type B (HA): A multiple-disk OST pair attached to a couple of OSS

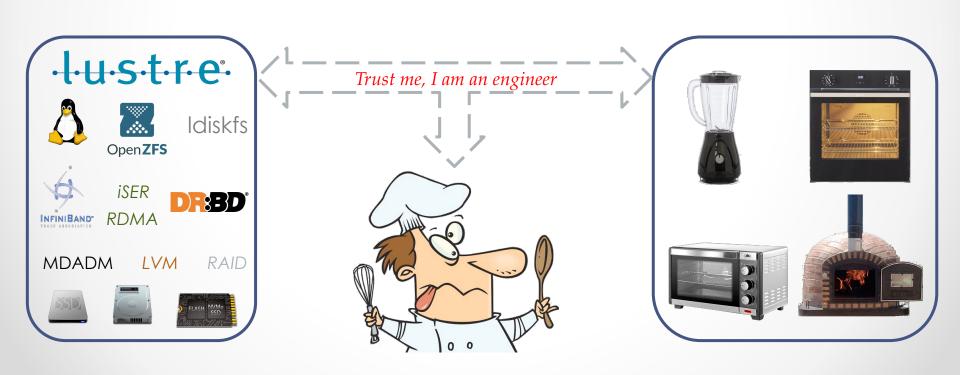


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# THE SCIENTIFIC METHOD

#### Cooking the idea

- Identify the main ingredients, goal(s) and constraints
- Set metrics and baselines
- Play: Combine, test and "taste"



# THE SCIENTIFIC METHOD II

#### Milestones

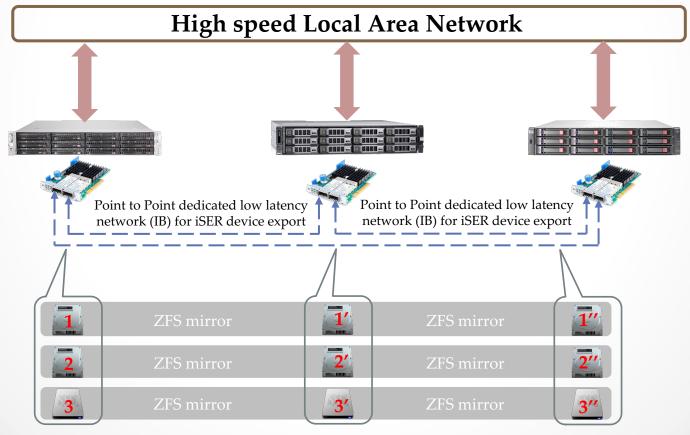




# **OFF THE BEATEN TRACK**

#### Ingredients for a triad based recipe

- 3 physical dedicated disk servers (different model/vendors?)
- Same disk technology layout
- Dedicated high-speed low-latency network (IB + iSER)

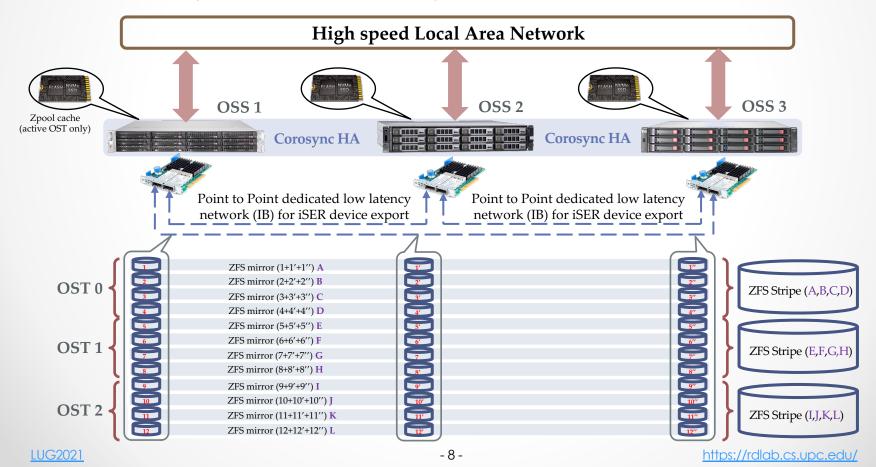


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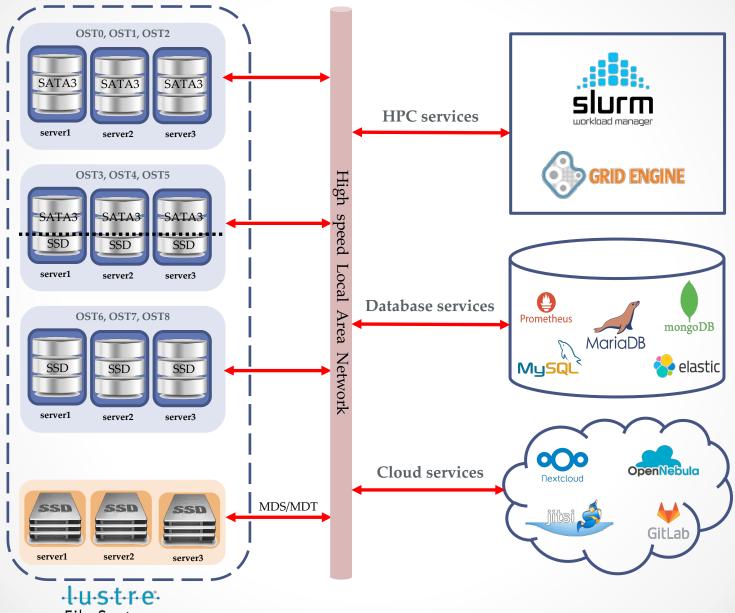
# **OFF THE BEATEN TRACK II**

#### Spicing the triad

- Group alike ZFS mirrors into ZFS Stripes
- Group ZFS stripes into a 3 OST setup
- "Serve" every OST with HA and a Zpool cache disk



# THE FINAL FORM



File System

# WHY A TRIAD-BASED ARCHITECTURE?

#### Features and flavors

- Customization
- Performance (dedicated network + I/O split)
- Data cost vs redundancy
- Reliability (data CRC + Quorum)
- Isolation (maintenance, disaster)
- Rebuild impact
- Big File support (in Lustre, size matters)
- ZFS benefits (compression, deduplication, cache...)









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