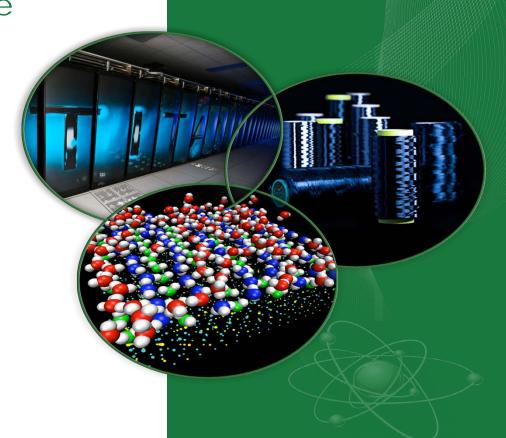
Running Docker on Lustre

An architectural overview

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LUG 2016 Portland, Oregon April 6, 2016





About Docker

- What is it?
 - A toolset for packaging, shipping, and running containers (user environment)
- What is it good for?
 - Consistent user environments
 - Rapid prototyping, proof of concepts (development)
 - Reproducible research
 - Application isolation
 - Server consolidation



HPC User:

furious_mccarthy

Docker Oracle:

goofy_blackwell



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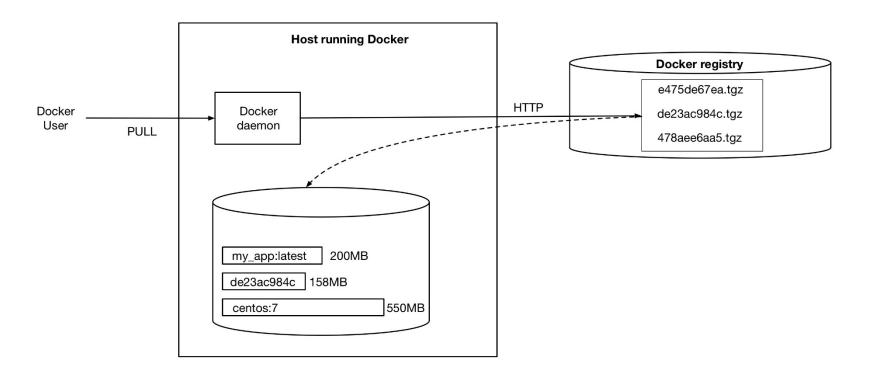
Load balance the registries

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Redeploy! Cattle vs. pets...

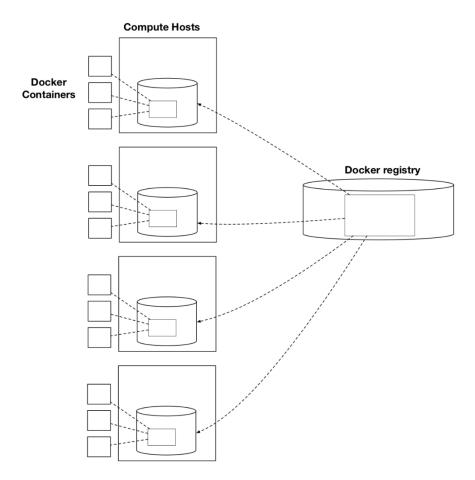


Normal Docker Pull





Parallel Docker Pull



Why Does Docker Need a <u>Distributed Image Store</u>?

- Deployment means waiting on disk I/O
- Copies are everywhere!
- Consistency
- Security



Why Lustre?

- A <u>shared</u>, <u>persistent</u>, filesystem already present in many cluster computing environments
- We're addressing the speed of Docker when using the same image across many nodes in parallel



Docker Images vs. Volumes

- Images: the base filesystem image of the container (chroot)
 - Stored in Docker registries (push/pull)
 - Made up of layers (copy-on-write)



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 - Bind-mounts from host
 - Plugins exist for volumes on distributed storage (Ceph, Gluster, S3)
 - No Lustre volume driver



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 - Plugins exist for volumes on distributed storage (Ceph, Gluster, S3)
 - No Lustre volume driver
- What options exist for storing images on Lustre...



Devicemapper + Loopback

- The dm-loopback implementation is Docker's fallback storage driver
 - Devicemapper in RHEL, Ubuntu, SLES
 - No block device configuration required
 - Thinp snapshots are copy-on-write
- Metadata operations are handled on VFS locally
- But it's quite slow
 - Jason Brooks Friends Don't Let Friends Run Docker on Loopback in Production
 http://www.projectatomic.io/blog/2015/06/notes-on-fedora-centos-and-docker-storage-drivers/

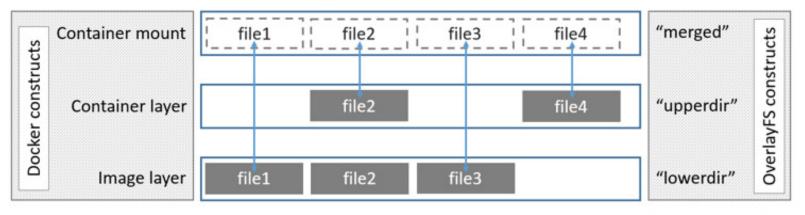


OverlayFS

- Upstream since Linux 3.18
 - Hasn't always supported distributed file systems
- Presents a union mount of one or more r/o layers and one r/w layer
 - Layers are directories
 - Modified files are copied up



OverlayFS Union Mounts



https://docs.docker.com/engine/userguide/storagedriver/overlayfs-driver/



OverlayFS

Pros:

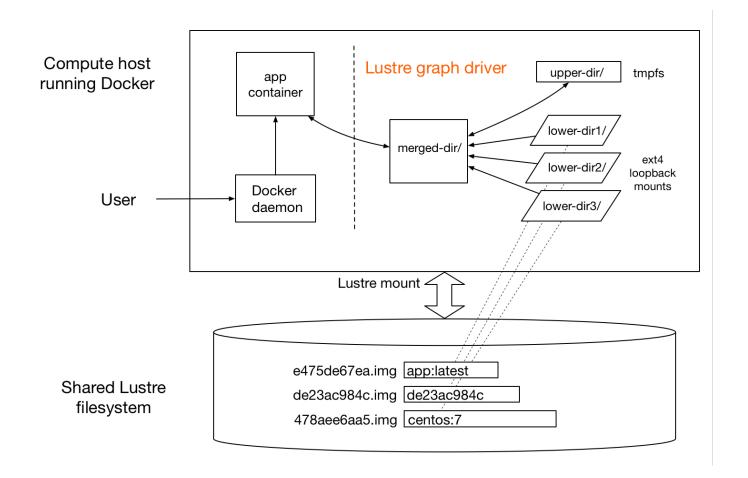
- + Page cache entries shared for all containers
- + Natively supports copy-on-write

Cons:

- Copy-up penalty on write
- Docker's implementation uses hard links for chaining image layers
- FS-only so lots of files, and metadata operations



OverlayFS + Loopback



OverlayFS + Loopback: Implementation

https://github.com/bacaldwell/lustre-graph-driver



Conclusions

- Loopback devices on Lustre could support cluster computing workloads
 - No image pulls, just run
 - Read-only layers on filesystem
 - Ephemeral layers node-local
- Work remains
 - Upstream Docker overlayfs driver with multiple lower layers
 - Loopback device performance (LU-6585 lloop driver)



Resources

- Jeremy Eder Comprehensive Overview of Storage Scalability in Docker http://developers.redhat.com/blog/2014/09/30/overview-storage-scalability-docker/
- Jérôme Petazzoni Docker storage drivers
 http://www.slideshare.net/Docker/docker-storage-drivers
- Reproducible environments

http://nkhare.github.io/data_and_network_containers/storage_backends/ https://github.com/marcindulak/vagrant-lustre-tutorial



Questions...



Pull to Lustre

