

LUG14

Lustre Log Analyzer

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- ▶ Need scripts to parse Lustre debug logs
 - Only way to effectively use the logs for debugging
- ▶ No structured approach to analyzing and understanding Lustre logs
- ▶ Event correlation between multiple clients and Lustre servers can be very difficult
- ▶ MDS / OSS RPC Tracing capabilities
- ▶ Event notifications based on configurable triggers
- ▶ High level of expertise and Lustre knowledge needed to use logs effectively
- ▶ Lustre logs can grow to millions of lines across servers – sometimes in GBs

Who needs this?

▶ Developers

- A handy tool to understand and analyze Lustre logs would be most beneficial for new and experienced developers

▶ Support

- Once logs are received from customer, support would like to identify suspicious issues quickly
- Need ability to search and index large logs quickly and effectively

▶ Administrators

- While debugging specific issues onsite, admins would like to monitor the logs (easily) and get alerts

Some options today

▶ **llanalyze**

- Perl script to indent and color code logs
- Extract specific subsystem log lines
- Show RPC patterns
- Limited use – and not maintained or improved anymore

▶ **Simple Event Correlator**

- Useful for event log monitoring
- Does not index the logs so searching is slow and in-effective

▶ **Splunk**

- Good GUI for log management and analysis
- Indexes log data so can be searched
- Commercial tool – unlikely to be used by developers and support

Some specific log analysis needs

- ▶ Toggle subsystems on / off
 - mdc, mds, osc, ost, obdclass, obdfilter, llite, ptlrpc, portals, lnd, ldlm, lov
- ▶ Analyze logs across multiple servers in a single view
- ▶ RPC debugging
- ▶ Search for specific strings / errors / warnings
- ▶ View logs across nodes filtered between certain timestamps
- ▶ Ability to add custom logic / searches
- ▶ Email alerts based on certain conditions

Logstash

- ▶ logstash is a tool for managing events and logs. You can use it to collect logs, parse them, and store them for later use
- ▶ It helps if you take logs and other event data from your systems and move it into a central place
- ▶ Using Elasticsearch as a backend datastore - Logstash acts as the workhorse, creating a powerful pipeline for storing, querying and analyzing your logs.
- ▶ It has built-in inputs, filters, codecs and outputs, you can harness some powerful functionality with a small amount of effort.

Logstash Components – Log Collection Pipeline

▶ Input

- Inputs are the mechanism for passing log data to Logstash.
- **file**: reads from a file on the filesystem
- **syslog**: listens on the well-known port 514 for syslog messages and parses it

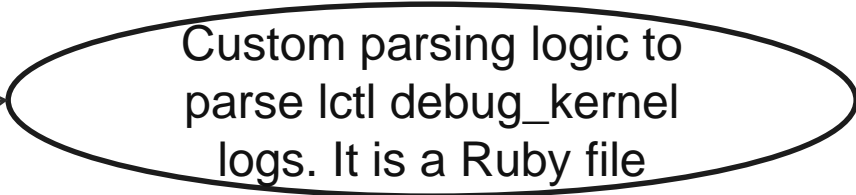
▶ Filters

- Filters are used as intermediary processing devices in the Logstash chain. They are often combined with conditionals in order to perform a certain action on an event, if it matches particular criteria
- **drop**: drop an event completely, for example, *debug* events
- **clone**: make a copy of an event, possibly adding or removing fields.

▶ Output

- Outputs are the final phase of the Logstash pipeline
- **elasticsearch**: save your data in an efficient, convenient and easily queryable format
- **file**: writes event data to a file on disk.

```
input {  
  file { path => "/tmp/lctl/debug_kernel" }  
}  
filter {  
  lustre_debug { }  
}  
output {  
  elasticsearch { host => elasticsearch-  
server }  
}
```



Custom parsing logic to parse lctl debug_kernel logs. It is a Ruby file

- ▶ Elasticsearch is a flexible and powerful open source, distributed, real-time search and analytics engine.
- ▶ Elasticsearch gives you the ability to move easily beyond simple full-text search
- ▶ Provides scalability to our log indexing and storage capabilities

- ▶ We now have the data in elasticsearch, but looking at JSON documents would be worse than Lustre logs
- ▶ Kibana is an open source (Apache Licensed), browser based analytics and search dashboard for ElasticSearch
- ▶ It has a very nice interface to build graphs, charts and much more based on data stored in an elasticsearch index.
- ▶ Let's see how we can use it for our Lustre log analysis requirements

- ▶ Email alerts can be configured in Logstash using their conditionals configuration
- ▶ Use regular expression searches which will be used by Logstash while parsing logs to trigger alerts

Searching for logs of a particular subsystem across nodes

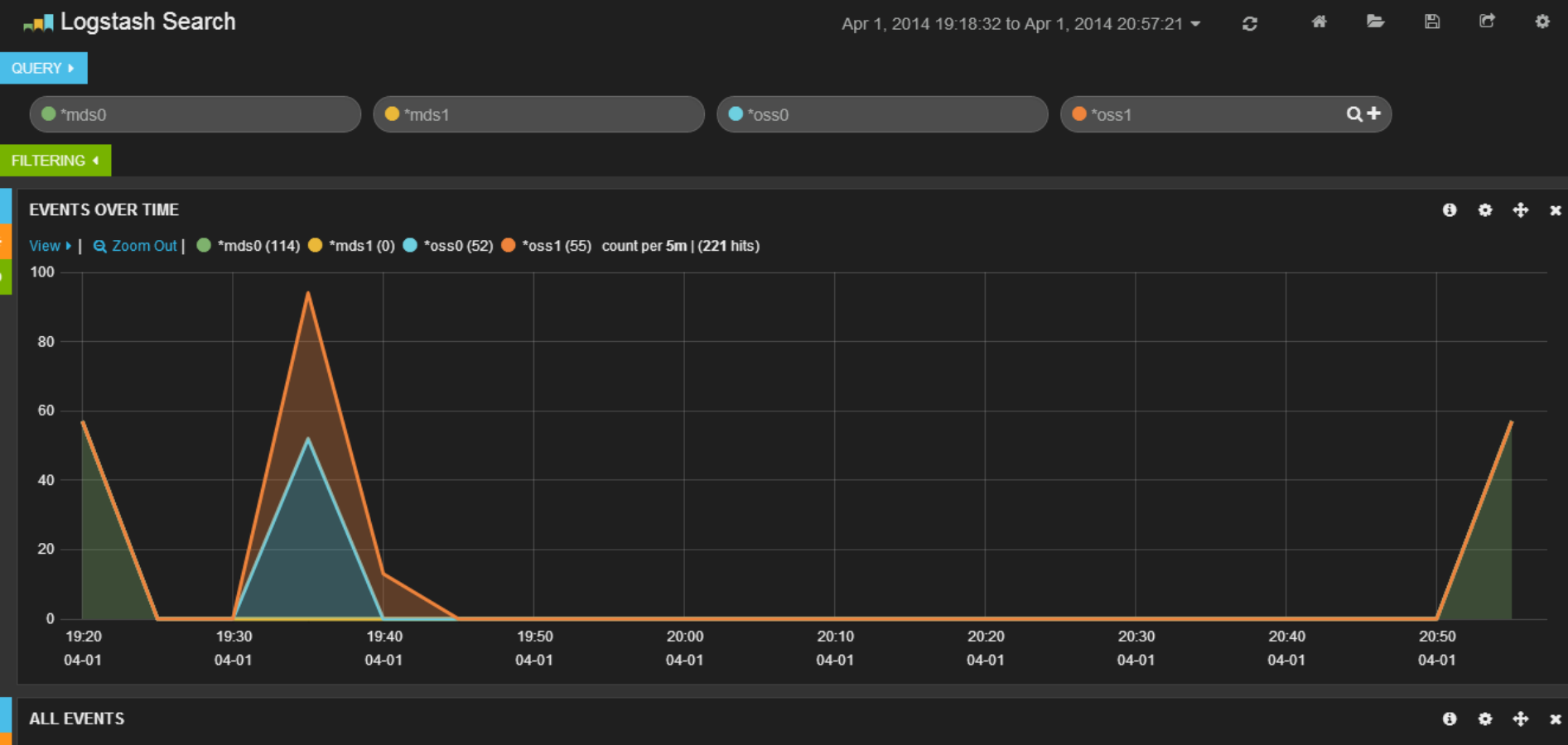
In Logstash filtering, we can replace these subsystem codes with names

Search Any Text

Change Time Frame & auto-update window

The screenshot shows the Logstash Search interface. At the top, the title is "Logstash Search". Below it is a "QUERY" button and a search input field containing the query "message.subsystem:00000020". To the right of the search bar is a date range selector set to "Apr 1, 2014 19:09:55 to Apr 1, 2014 21:00:42". Below the search bar is a "FILTERING" section with a dropdown arrow. The main part of the interface is an "EVENTS OVER TIME" chart. The chart title is "EVENTS OVER TIME" and it includes a legend for "message.subsystem:00000020 (210) count per 5m | (210 hits)". The chart has a toolbar with options for "View", "Zoom Out", and "Interval" (set to "5m"). The chart displays a line graph with a green line and a shaded area underneath, showing event counts over time. The x-axis represents time from 19:10 to 21:00 on 04-01. The y-axis represents the count of events, ranging from 0 to 100. There are three distinct peaks in the data: one at approximately 19:20 with a count of about 45, a larger one at approximately 19:35 with a count of about 85, and another at approximately 20:55 with a count of about 75.

- ▶ Can be useful to determine log spikes across timeline



View actual logs & select columns

- ▶ Viewing actual logs from multiple text search & select columns to view

Logstash Search Apr 1, 2014 19:18:32 to Apr 1, 2014 20:57:21

QUERY ▶

*mgs0 *mgs1 *oss0 *oss1 Q+

FILTERING ★

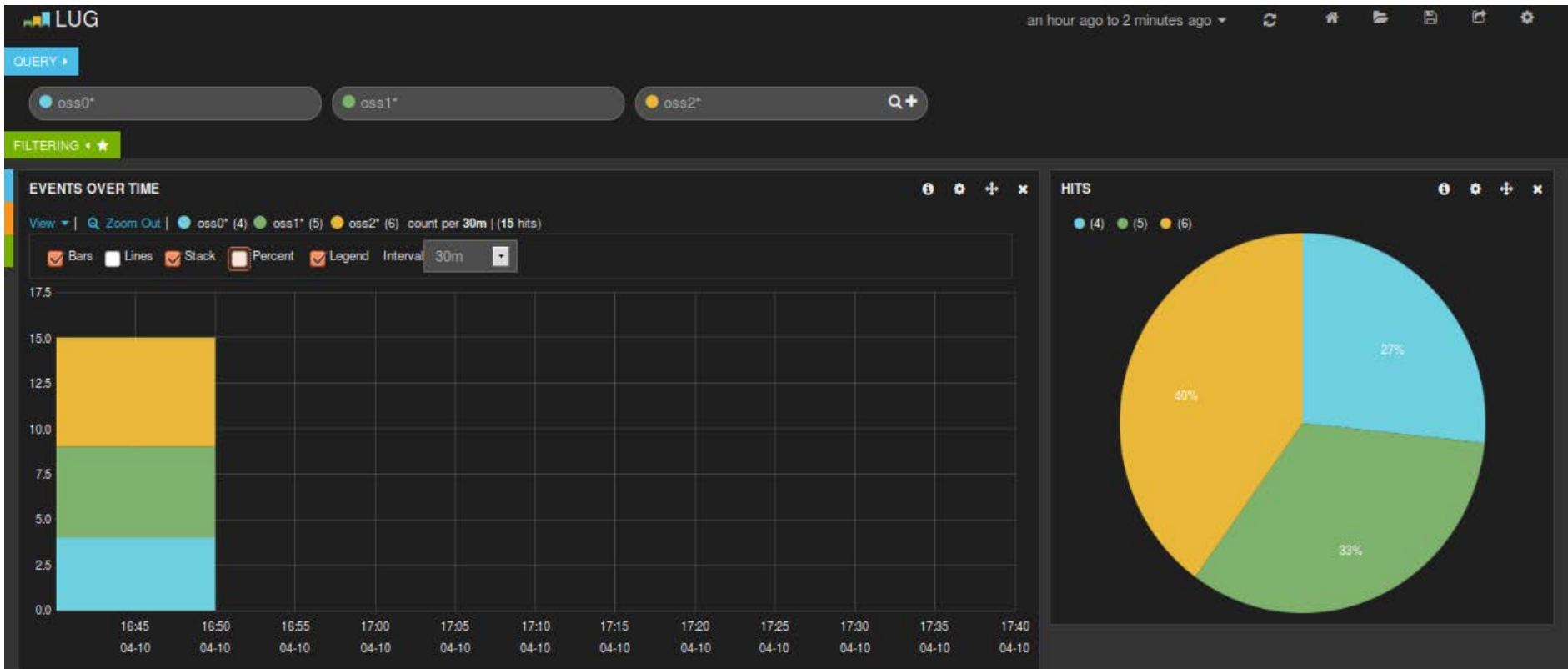
GRAPH

ALL EVENTS 0 to 100 of 221 available for paging

Select columns to view

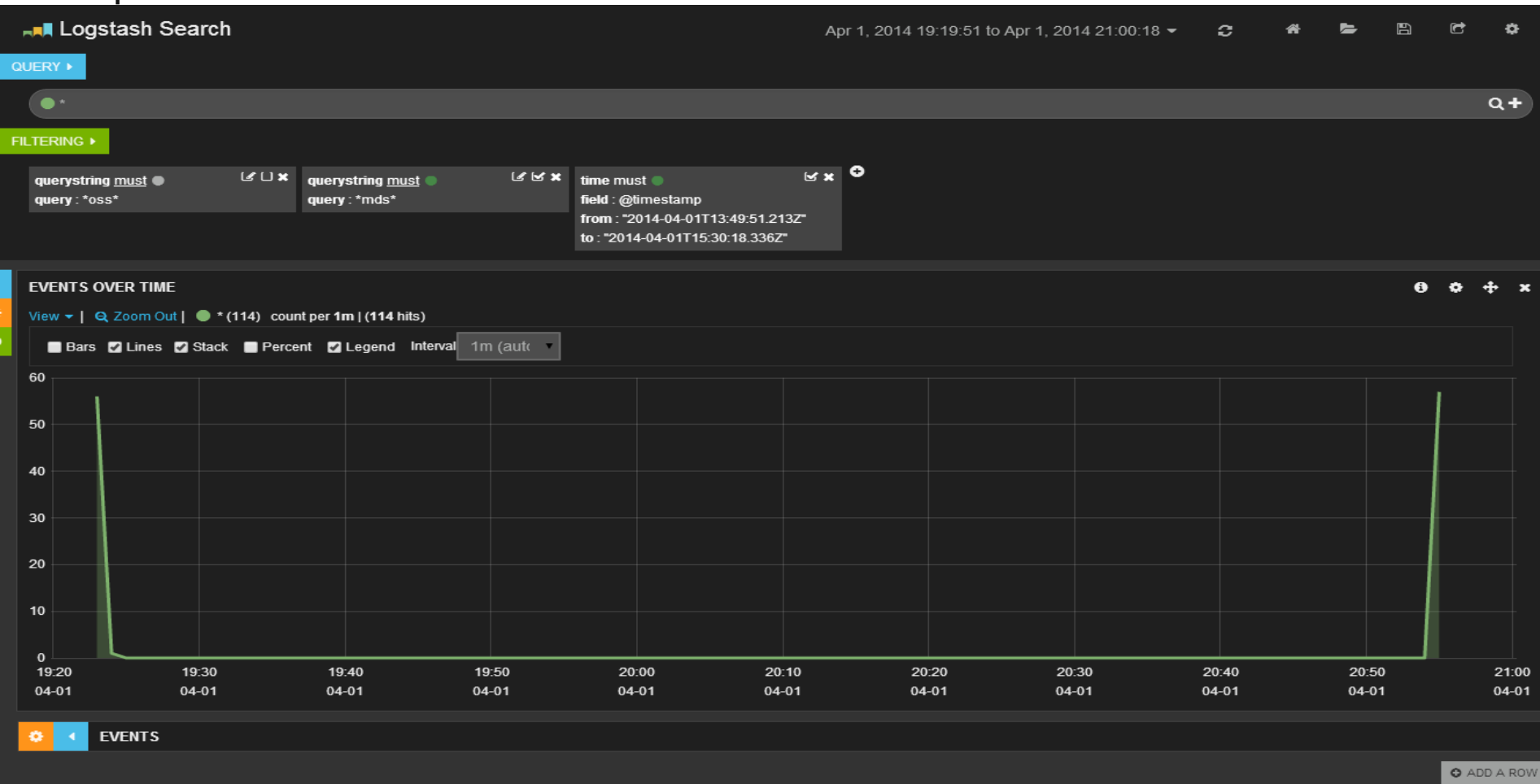
| Fields | host | message.message1 | message.file | message.function |
|--|------|--|---------------|-------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> @timestamp | mgs0 | lcfg (null) | mgs_llog.c | record_base() |
| <input type="checkbox"/> @version | mgs0 | lcfg v-MDT0000 0xcf001 mdt v-MDT0000_UUID (null) | mgs_llog.c | record_base() |
| <input type="checkbox"/> _id | mgs0 | lcfg v-MDT0000-mdtlov 0xcf001 lov v-MDT0000-mdtlov_UUID (null) | mgs_llog.c | record_base() |
| <input type="checkbox"/> _index | mgs0 | not reading header from 0-byte log | llog_osd.c | llog_osd_read_header() |
| <input type="checkbox"/> _type | mgs0 | Writing lov(v-MDT0000-mdtlov | mgs_llog.c | mgs_write_log_lov() |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> host | mgs0 | writing new mdt v-MDT0000 | mgs_llog.c | mgs_write_log_mdt() |
| <input type="checkbox"/> message.debug_mask | mgs0 | Set index for v-MDT0000 to 0 | mgs_llog.c | mgs_set_index() |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> message.file | mgs0 | updating v-MDT0000, index=0 | mgs_handler.c | mgs_target_reg() |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> message.function | mgs0 | not reading header from 0-byte log | llog_osd.c | llog_osd_read_header() |
| <input type="checkbox"/> message.host_pid | mgs0 | IR: current version is 2 | mgs_nids.c | mgs_nidtbl_init_fs() |
| <input type="checkbox"/> message.input_message | mgs0 | log v to resid 0x76/0x2 (v) | mgs_request.c | mgs_name2resid() |
| <input type="checkbox"/> message.line | mgs0 | Creating new db | mgs_llog.c | mgs_find_or_make_fsdh() |

► Logs across various oss nodes with multiple search



Search by timestamp & text filter

Ex: search for all ldlm logs with LDLM_ENQUEUE event in last 3 mins on 2 specific nodes



Search for specific transaction ID across logs of multiple nodes

Lustre Log Search Apr 1, 2014 19:19:51 to Apr 1, 2014 21:00:18

QUERY

FILTERING

GRAPH

ALL EVENTS 0 to 1 of 1 available for paging

| Fields | message.XID | message.message1 | message.line | message.function | message.file |
|-------------------------|-------------------|---|--------------|-----------------------|--------------|
| All (44) / Current (24) | x1464182906028048 | req from PID 5322 waiting for recovery. (FULL != DISCONN) | 1431 | ptlrpc_send_new_req() | client.c |

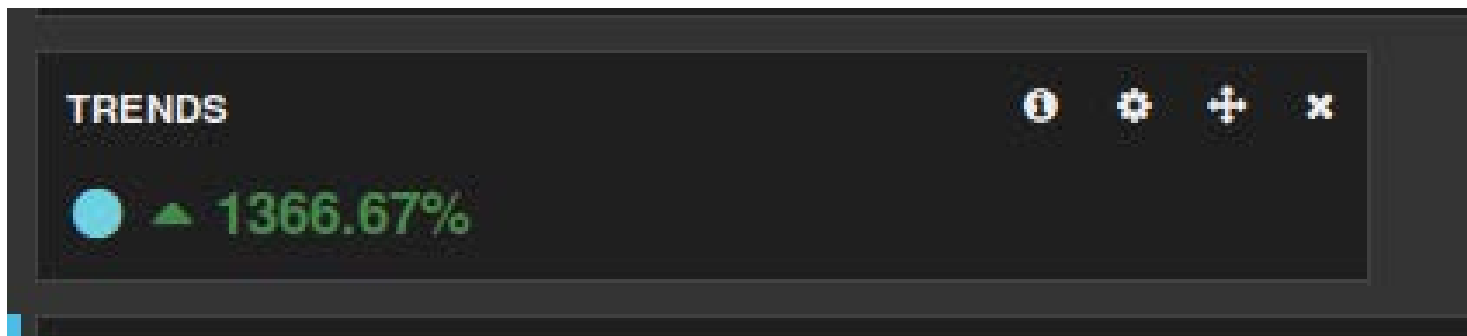
0 to 1 of 1 available for paging

Type to filter...

- @timestamp
- @version
- _id
- _index
- _type
- host
- message.debug_mask
- message.file
- message.filesystem
- message.function
- message.host_pid
- message.input_message
- message.line
- message.message1
- message.pid
- message.request_address
- message.request_mode
- message.request_type
- message.sec.used
- message.smp_processor_id
- message.stack_size
- message.subsystem
- message.transaction_id
- message.XID

ADD A ROW

- ▶ Custom graphs can be added and configured to suit requirements
- ▶ For example below custom graph shows variance in number of logs across every 5 mins
- ▶ If variance is high, it indicates that number of log lines has jumped by 1366% across two 5 minute intervals - which could indicate a problem



- ▶ For example show me logs of debug_mask 0x80 which contains logs for function class_process*

Lustre Log Search Apr 1, 2014 19:19:51 to Apr 1, 2014 21:00:18

QUERY ▶

message.debug_mask:00000080 message.function:"class_process" 🔍 +

FILTERING ◀

GRAPH

ALL EVENTS ⓘ ⚙️ + ✕

0 to 98 of 98 available for paging

| Fields | message.message1 ▶ | message.line ▶ | message.function ▶ | message.file ▶ | message.debug_mask |
|--------|---|----------------|------------------------|----------------|--------------------|
| | processing cmd: cf001 | 1107 | class_process_config() | obd_config.c | 00000080 |
| | attach type osd-ldisksf name: MGS-osd uuid: MGS-os... | 366 | class_attach() | obd_config.c | 00000080 |
| | finished setup of obd MGS-osd (uuid MGS-osd_UUID) | 550 | class_setup() | obd_config.c | 00000080 |
| | Adding new device MGS-osd (ffff880307940038) | 357 | class_newdev() | genops.c | 00000080 |
| | processing cmd: cf003 | 1107 | class_process_config() | obd_config.c | 00000080 |
| | OBD: dev 0 attached type osd-ldisksf with refcount... | 442 | class_attach() | obd_config.c | 00000080 |
| | connect: client MGS-osd_UUID, cookie 0xff90d6f228a... | 1141 | class_connected() | genops.c | 00000080 |
| | processing cmd: cf001 | 1107 | class_process_config() | obd_config.c | 00000080 |
| | attach type mgs name: MGS uuid: MGS | 366 | class_attach() | obd_config.c | 00000080 |
| | OBD: dev 1 attached type mgs with refcount 1 | 442 | class_attach() | obd_config.c | 00000080 |
| | Adding new device MGS (ffff880314796078) | 357 | class_newdev() | genops.c | 00000080 |
| | processing cmd: cf003 | 1107 | class_process_config() | obd_config.c | 00000080 |

Note These fields have been extracted from your mapping. Not all fields may be available in your source document.

- @timestamp
- @version
- geoip
- geoip.location
- host
- host.raw
- message.debug_mask
- message.debug_mask.raw
- message.file



Questions?

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▶ Prerequisites

- Java

▶ Installing Logstash

- `$ curl -O`

<https://download.elasticsearch.org/logstash/logstash/logstash-1.4.0.tar.gz>

- `$ tar zxvf logstash-1.4.0.tar.gz`

- `$ cd logstash-1.4.0`

▶ Lets try out

- `$ bin/logstash -e 'input { stdin { } } output { stdout { } }'`

- hello world

- 2013-11-21T01:22:14.405+0000 0.0.0.0 hello world

Installing Elasticsearch

- ▶ `$ curl -O`
<https://download.elasticsearch.org/elasticsearch/elasticsearch/elasticsearch-1.0.1.tar.gz>
- ▶ `$ tar zxvf elasticsearch-1.0.1.tar.gz`
- ▶ `$ cd elasticsearch-1.0.1/`
- ▶ `.$ /bin/elasticsearch`