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LUG2013
China and Japan

OST pool based quota

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Background: What is OST pool?

- OST number of Lustre clusters is growing rapidly
- OST pool feature enables users to group OSTs together for more flexible and controllable striping
- OST pools follow these rules:
 - An OST can be a member of multiple pools
 - No ordering of OSTs in a pool is defined or implied
 - Stripe allocation within a pool follows the same rules as the normal stripe allocator
 - OST membership in a pool is flexible and can change over time
- OST pool based quota is not supported today
 - But luckily current quota framework is powerful and flexible which makes it easy to add new extension.

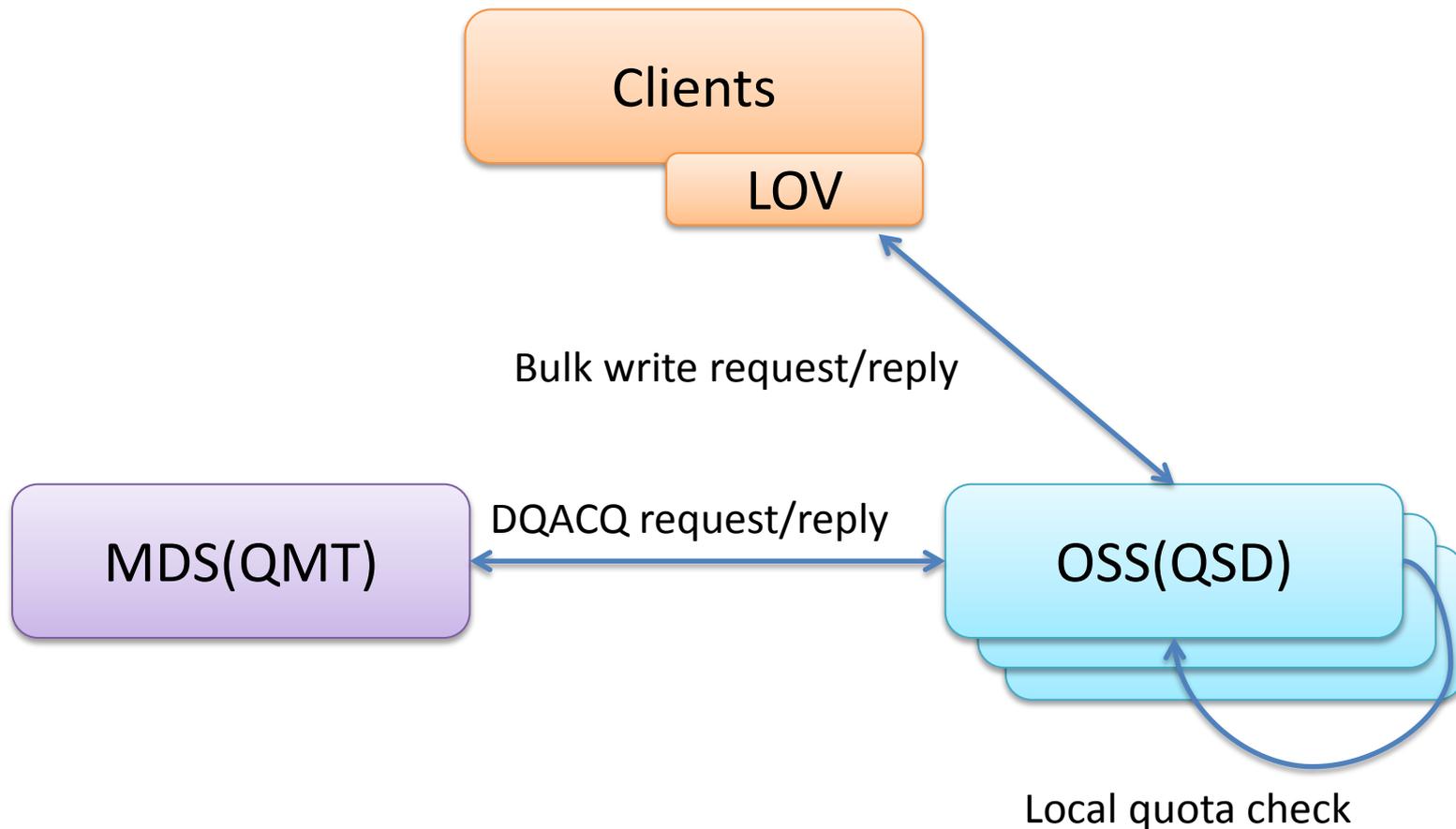
Why support quota on OST pools?

- Fine-grained quota control is important
 - user/group quota doesn't work in some use cases. (e.g. project based storage volume allocation)
 - Quota for small groups in a filesystem helps administrator to make a capacity plan of entire storage's volume
 - Pool separate the danger of disk space exhausting in the entire system
 - XFS supports per-directory or per-project quota and GPFS also supports fileset based quota which is conceptually similar
 - Patch which introduces subtree quota support for ext4 has existed for years
- Many use cases for directory-based or pool-based quotas
 - Directory-based quotas need support from lower level
 - Pool-based quotas are a much more straightforward to implement
 - Pool-based quotas can be used to set quota on a given directory
- Enhancement of user/group quota
 - Administrator can set quota limit for user/group to specific OST pools which means:
 - Alert before any partition becomes full
 - Most basic but useful storage management mechanism

Architecture of Quota

- Quota “master”
 - A centralized server hold the cluster wide limits
 - Guarantees that global quota limits are not exceeded and tracks quota usage on slaves
 - Stores the quota limits for each uid/gid
 - Accounts for how much quota space has been granted to slaves
 - Single quota master running on MDT0 currently
- Quota “slaves”
 - All the OSTs and MDT(s) are quota slaves
 - Manage local quota usage/hardlimit acquire/release quota space from the master

Architecture of Quota

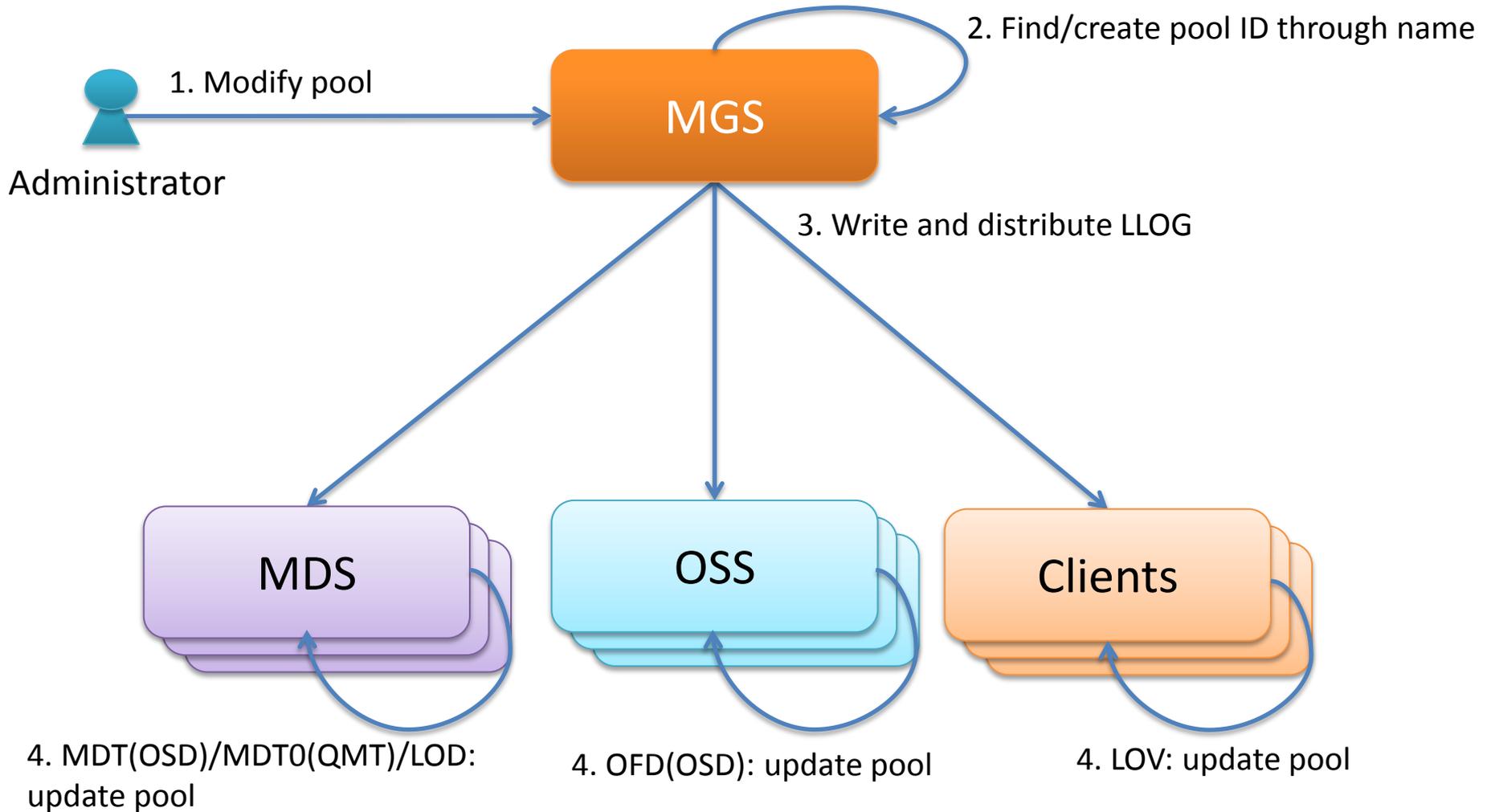


OST pool based quota: Requirements

- Integrated in current quota framework
 - Ability to enforce both block and inode quotas
 - Support hard and soft limits
 - Support user/group (and maybe pool) accounting
- Full support of pool
 - Dynamic change of pool definition
 - Separate quotas of users/groups for each pool
- No significant performance impact

Design and implementation #1

Pool definition in LLOG



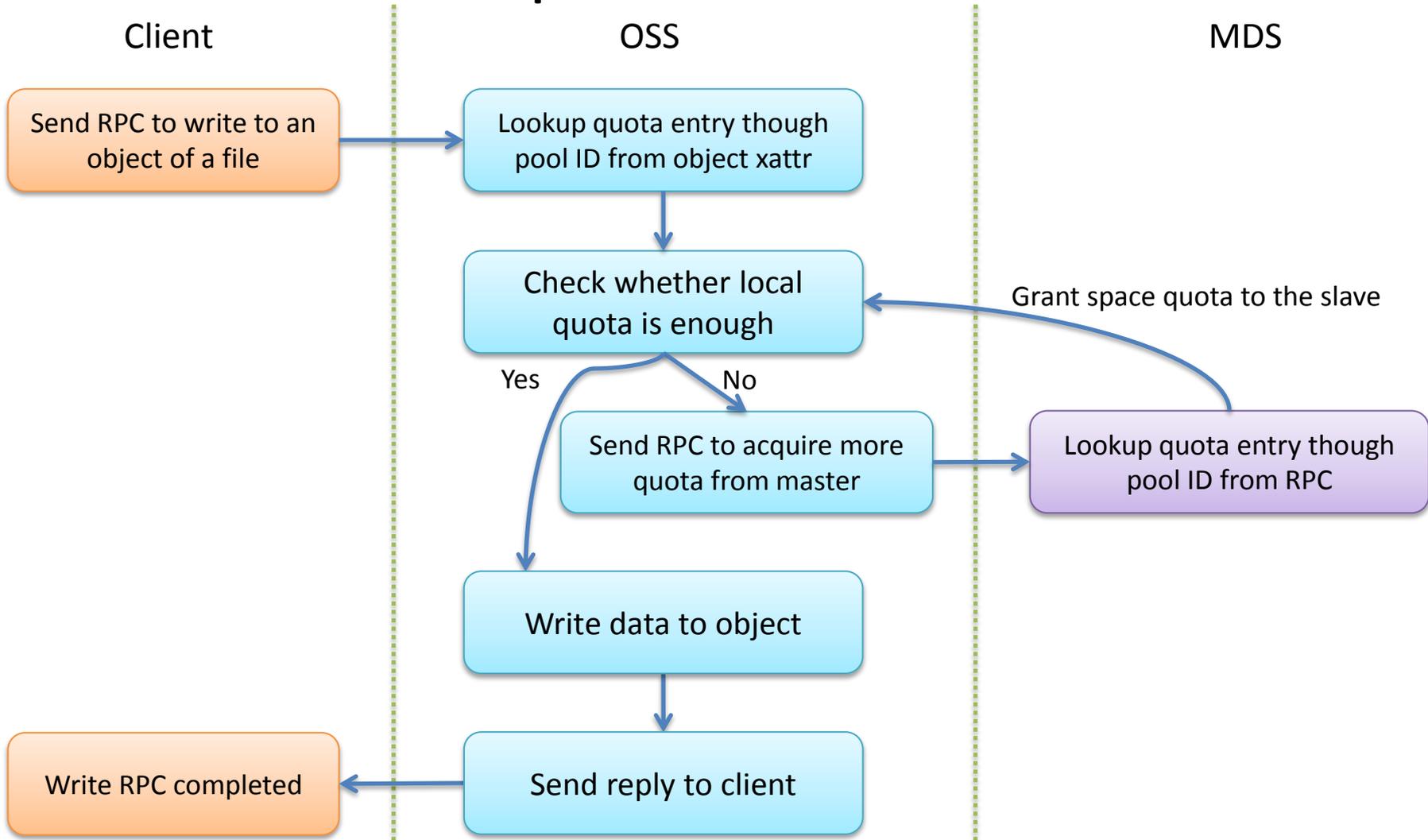
Design and implementation #2

Quota changes for pool support

- The quota master keeps an hash table
 - One instance for each pool to hold the cluster wide limit
- All OSDs keep hash tables of QSD instances
 - One QSD instance for each pool
 - Corresponding QSD of a given pool is used when quota is acquired/released
- Objects on OSTs store their pool IDs as extended attributes
 - Pool ID is needed for QSD matching
 - Initialized before objects consume disk spaces
- Support of both LDISKFS and ZFS
 - Pool IDs of objects is cached for better performance

Design and implementation #3

Flow of a write request

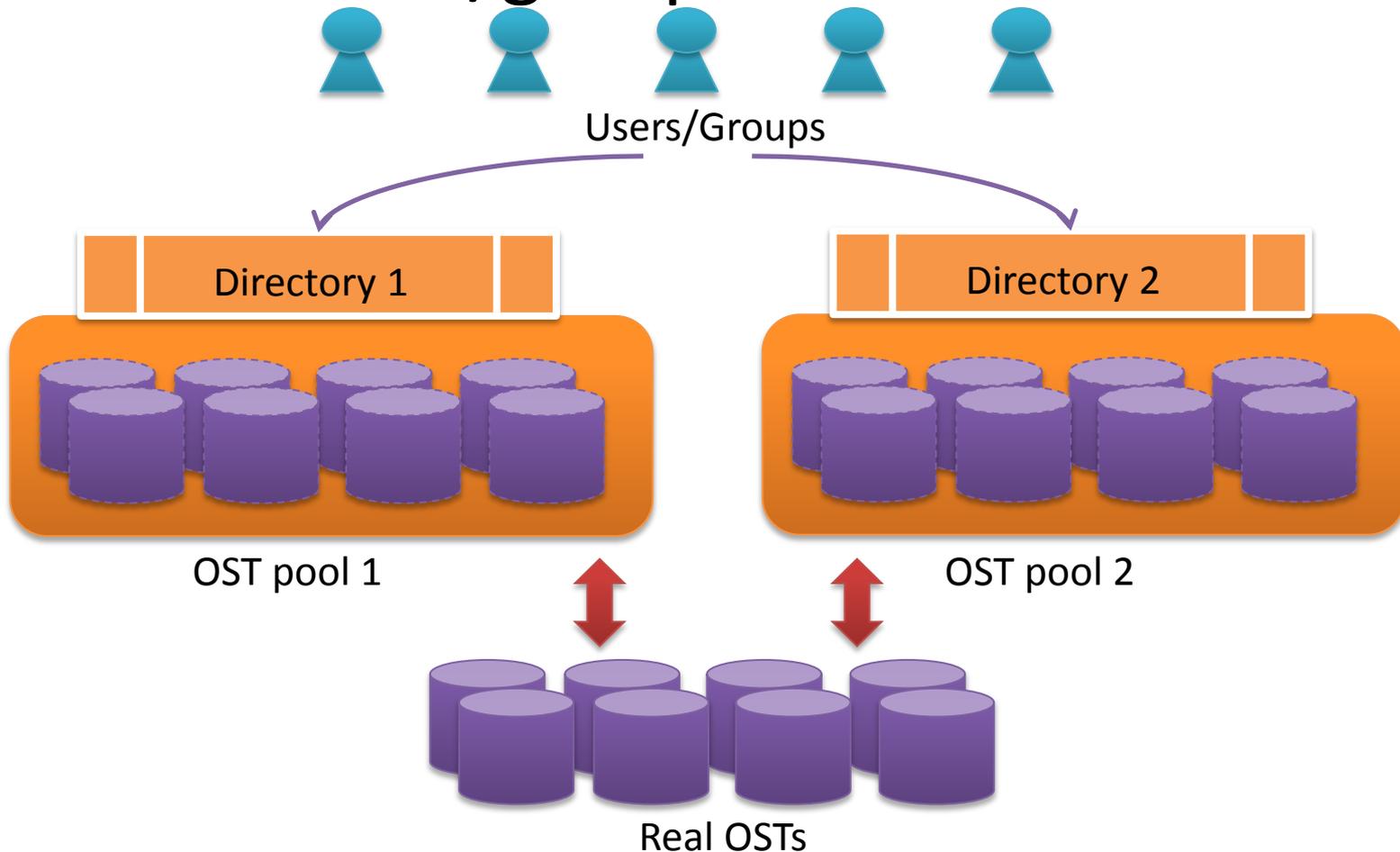


Status

- Main framework has been completed
- LU-4017 quota: Add pool support to quota
 - Main codes for pool support of quota
 - The patch is a big one which involves quite a lot of components
 - According to early test, the patch works well
 - Will be split into multiple parts for review
- User space command update
 - Use '-p pool_name' argument to specify which pool to configure
- Test suits for pool based quota
 - Verify the correctness and efficiency of pool based quota
- LDISKFS support is ready, but ZFS support is not yet finished

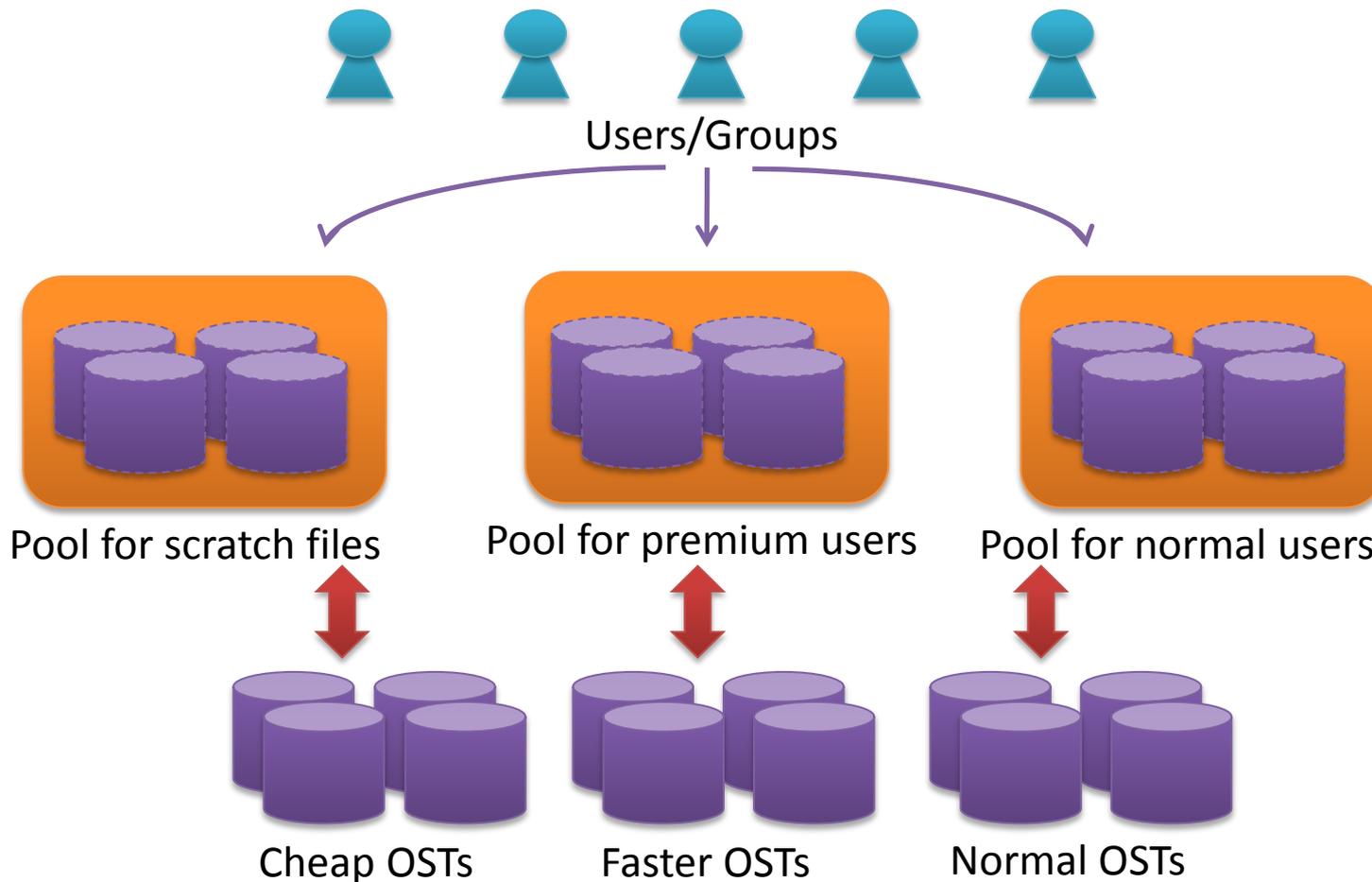
UseCase #1

Quota of users/groups for directories



UseCase #2

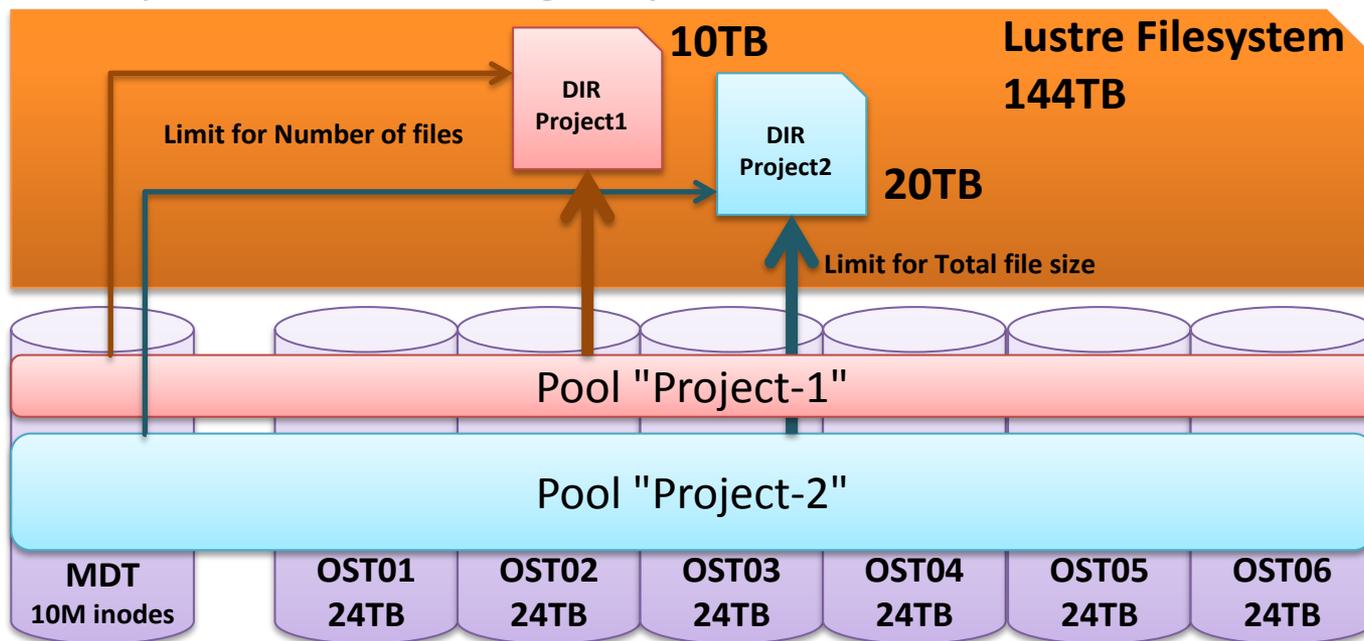
Quota for different kinds of OSTs



UseCase #3

Directory/Project based quota

- Directory/Project based quota will enable new Lustre use cases (e.g. collaboration, Cloud space, etc.)
 - Need space accounting of pool in total



How to use pool based quota

◆ *Create and manage OST pools*

Normal utilities of pool management

```
# lctl pool_new fsname.pool1
# pool_add server1.pool_1 OST0000
```

◆ *Set quotas of OST pools*

lfs setquota ... [-p <pool-name>] <filesystem>

```
# lfs setquota --block-hardlimit 2097152 -u user1 -p pool_1 /mnt/lustre
# lfs setquota --block-hardlimit 1048576 -u user1 /mnt/lustre
```

◆ *Display quotas and disk usage of OST pools*

lfs quota ... [-p <pool-name>] <filesystem>

```
# lfs quota -u user1 -p pool_1 /mnt/lustre/
# lfs quota -u user1 /mnt/lustre/
```

◆ *Associate directories/files with OST pools*

lfs setstripe <filename|dirname> --pool|-p pool-name

```
# lfs setstripe -p pool_1 /mnt/lustre/dir1
```

◆ *Then the limits are enforced*

Further work

- Compatibility with older versions
 - LLOG record format has changed
 - Disk format of quota files has changed
 - Quota control API has changed
 - Wire format has changed
- Space accounting of pools along with users/groups
 - Total quotas of a given pool
 - Enable directory/project based quota
- Clustered meta-data support
 - MDT pool support of quota
- Any advice will be welcome!



Thank you!

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